# Participation strategies in climate policies

#### **Gerard Lillo**

Head of Participation in Urban Planning, Ecological Transition, Urban Services and Housing Barcelona City Council





## Bodies and permanent comissions

Participation actions and participatory processes

On-line participation

Deliberative instruments

Co-production and collaborative challenges

## **Bodies** and permanent comissions



## They are very useful for the design of plans, programs or municipal strategies

- Citizen Commitment for a More Sustainable Barcelona 2024-2034
- \_\_ Barcelona + Sustainable Network
- Table against air pollution
- Zero waste table
- Door-to-door household waste collection monitoring comissions



## Participation actions and participatory processes



## They are very useful for improving projects or municipal regulations with citizens inputs

- Low Emission Zone
- Greywater Recycling Regulation



If the process is set up properly, it allows taking into consideration opinions, interests and needs of specific groups (LEZ).

It also allows the incorporation of the views of technical agents or experts with very specific knowledge (Greywater Recycling Regulation).

With this instruments we improve the applicability of the regulations and, therefore, their effectiveness.



It is very useful to encourage the participation of people who usually do not participate (or who are not available to participate in face-to-face sessions), to reach younger population profiles, to be able to participate at any time, from any place and any device

Decidim.Barcelona

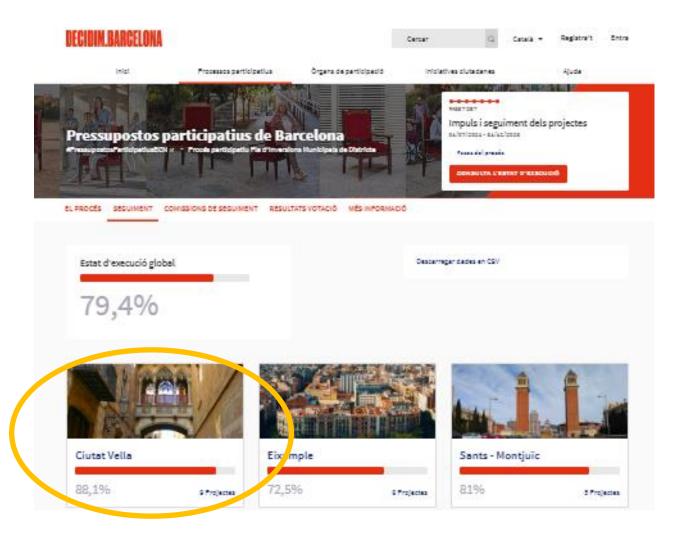


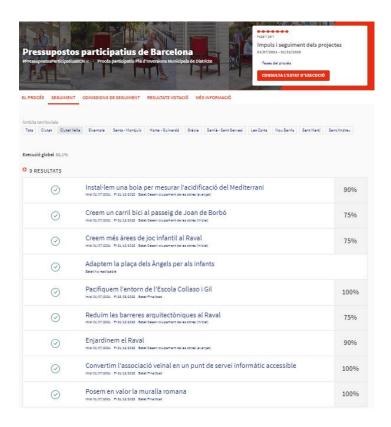
free open-source participatory democracy for cities and organizations



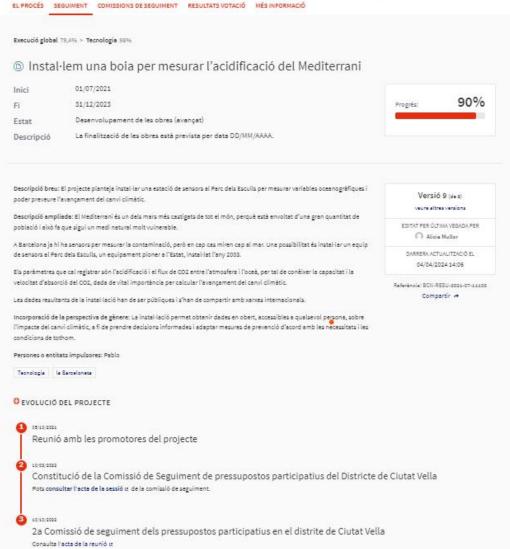
It allows to conduct surveys on habits or aspects linked to climate change, support proposals, work on collaborative texts, monitor and report on citizen proposals that are implemented.



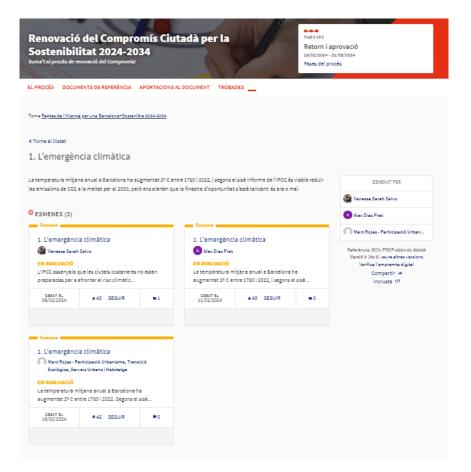


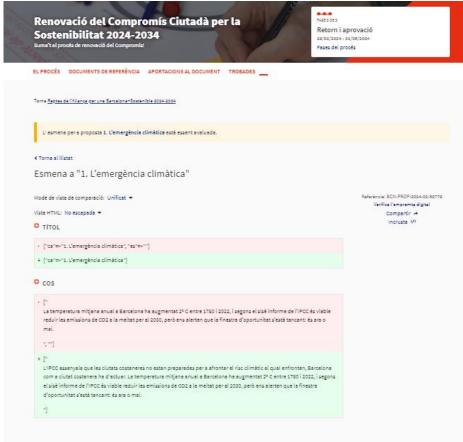












### **Deliberative** instruments



They are very useful to be able to contrast with citizens projects or policies that are complex or difficult to implement, that involve changes in lifestyles or habits or that require a long-term view

- Citizens' Assembly for the Climate of Barcelona
- \_No one behind: active listening groups with vulnerable citizens on climate change

They allow the implementation of actions or measures contrasted with citizens and take into account the special needs of groups that may have difficulties if certain policies are applied without support, accompaniment or exceptions or specificities for people vulnerable to climate change.

### **Deliberative** instruments



#### Citizens' Assembly for the Climate of Barcelona

#### Phase 1: SELECTION, INFORMATION AND DRAWS

- Stratifying the population according to criteria
- Call for participation (Letter from the Mayor): 20,000 potential participants (30 June)
- Consulting experts
- Selecting participants (200 people: 100 members + 100 possible substitutes)
- Call for the selected people (end of July)

## Phase 2: DEBATING THE AGENDA

- 1st and 2nd session (17
   September, morning and afternoon). Introduction how the sessions work, what climate change is, how it affects us, what we can do, jurisdictions, IT tools, start of the debate on subjects to be dealt with in subsequent sessions
- Lunch will be offered to those attending
- 3rd session (30 September): Selection of subjects to be dealt with in subsequent sessions
- Search for experts according to subjects and planning of remaining sessions

September

#### Phase 3: THEMATIC DEBATES

- Exploring the three chosen subjects with experts and making proposals
- 4th session (21 October)
  5th session (22 October)
  6th session (4 November)
  7th session (5 November)
  8th session (18 November)
  9th session (19 November)
- Technical work preparing proposals
- One additional session may be added according to the needs of the assembly

October - November

## Phase 4: EXPOSITION OF PROPOSALS AND FEEDBACK

- 10th session. finalising proposals (16 December, afternoon)
- Preparing technical and political responses to the Assembly's proposals
- 11th session (19 January).
   Delivering the Assembly's recommendations to the Mayor and political parties (Saló de Cent event)
- Municipal feedback session (to be determined)

December - January

April - July

### **Deliberative** instruments



No one behind: active listening groups with vulnerable citizens on climate change

#### **Themes**

HOME
CONDITIONING,
ENERGY
EFFICIENCY
AND
RENEWABLE
ENERGY

PUBLIC SPACE: PREPARING THE CITY FOR CLIMATE CHANGE

MOBILITY (ZBE, PUBLIC TRANSPORT, ETC.) USE OF SPACES AND FACILITIES IN THE CITY AS WEATHER SHELTERS

#### **Groups**

| Seniors                          | Children                  |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| People with energy vulnerability | People of diverse origins |
| Women                            | Health and dependency     |

## Co-production and collaborative challenges



They are very useful for citizens to present concrete projects to deal with climate change and to work on shared or joint solutions to challenges of the current climate emergency

Participatory budgets

\_Administration-citizen joint work on specific challenges (decarbonisation, drought)

Concrete projects are implemented, especially those linked to public spaces, and we work together with citizens on critical or long-term challenges where the public sector needs private collaboration to achieve successful results.

## Co-production and collaborative challenges



### Participatory budgets

| 18,4% |
|-------|
| 15,8% |
| 14,5% |
| 7,9%  |
| 7,9%  |
| 7,9%  |
| 6,6%  |
| 5,3%  |
| 5,3%  |
| 3,9%  |
| 2,6%  |
| 1,3%  |
| 1,3%  |
| 1,3%  |
| 100%  |
|       |

## Co-production and collaborative challenges

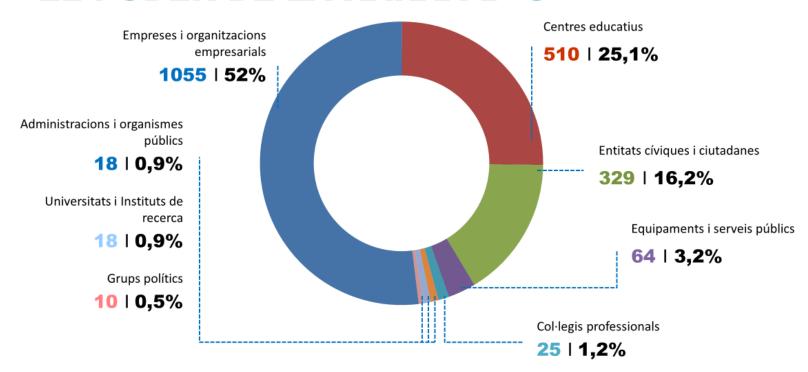


\_Administration-citizen joint work on specific challenges (decarbonisation, drought)

COM HEM ARRIBAT FINS AQUÍ?

### **EL PODER DE LA XARXA B+S**





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glilloj@bcn.cat

