

Environmental Problems in China

- Air Pollution
- Water Pollution
- Hazardous wastes
- Soil pollution
- Toxic chemical compounds
- Desertification
- Acid rain
- Yellow sand storm, etc.
- Climate change is not an urgent and prior issues for China!

Sino-Japan Environmental Model City Cooperation Program is...

one of the programs consisting of the
Sino-Japan Environmental Cooperation Program for the 21st Century ()
proposed by the Sino-Japan summit conference

proposed by the Sino-Japan summit conference on September, 1997

() Sino-Japan Environmental Model City Cooperation Program (Ioan assistance + technical cooperation) One Hundred City Environmental Information Network Program (grant aid + technical cooperation)



Sino-Japan Environmental Model City Cooperation Program is...

- To establish measures for major air pollution sources and air monitoring system
- Supported by total 30.7 billion
 Japanese yen (267million US\$) of loan assistance for three cities
- To establish a recycling-oriented society system

Sino-Japan Environmental Model City Cooperation Program is...

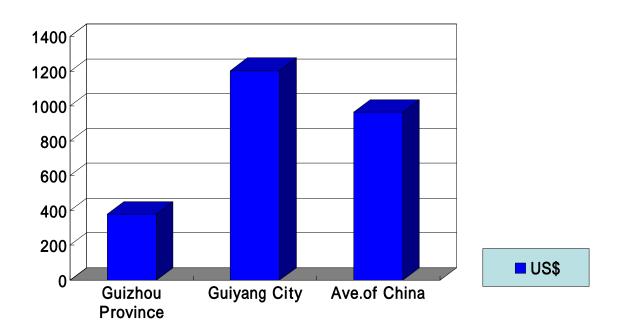
- To give technical assistance on human and institutional capacity building by technical cooperation
- To make a successful model case of environmental improvement

Cooperation Program in Guiyang City of China

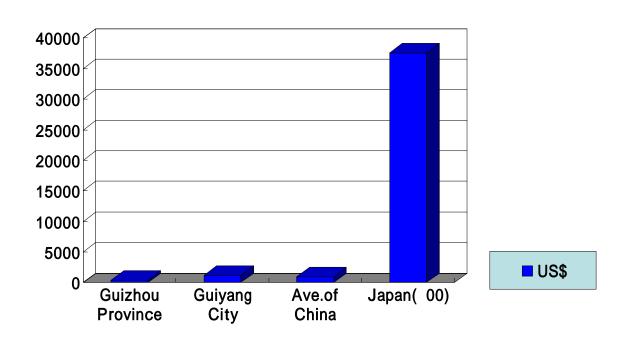
Area 8,000km2
Population 3.5million
(CBD Area 150km2
CBD Population 1 million)



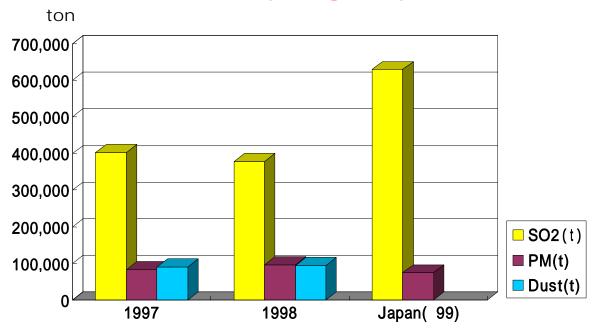
2002F.Y. GDP/person·year



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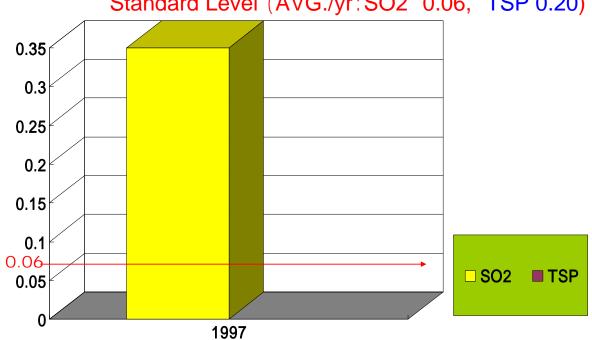


Air Pollutant Emissions in Guiyang City

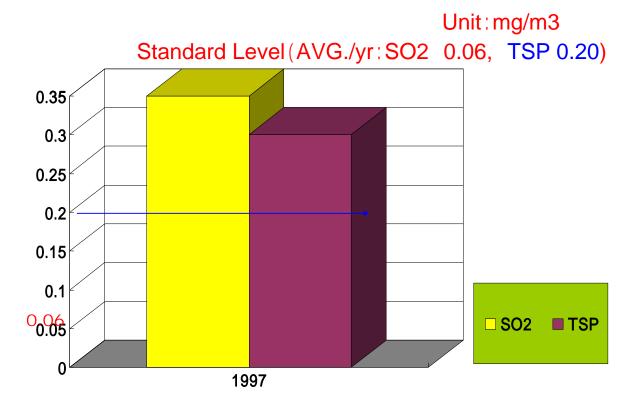


Air Pollution Concentration in Guiyang City





Air Pollution Concentration in Guiyang City



1. Summary of Cooperation Project by Loan Assistance

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- Total 30.7 billion Japanese yen (267 million US\$) loan for three cities
- ·14.5 billion yen (126 million US\$) for Guiyang city and same amount was prepared by implementing organization's own fund
- Total 7sub-projects were implemented in Guiyang city

Measures for Large-scale Air Pollution Sources

- Measures for Sulfur Dioxide and Dust from Guiyang Steel Plant
- (2) Measures for Sulfur Dioxide and Dust from Guizhou Cement Plant
- (3) Measures for Sulfur Dioxide and Dust from Guiyang Power Plant

Supply of Clean Energy

- (4) Supply Desulfurized Clean Coal
- (5) Supply Coal Gas

Strengthening the Capacity of Environmental Monitoring

(6) Establishment of Automatic Air Monitoring Stations and On-line Monitoring System for Emission Sources

Preventing Mercury Contamination

(7) Construction of new production facility without the use of mercury

- Summary of Cooperation Project by Technical Cooperation
- Cooperation on human capacity development and institutional capacity development

2. Summary of Cooperation Project by Technical Cooperation

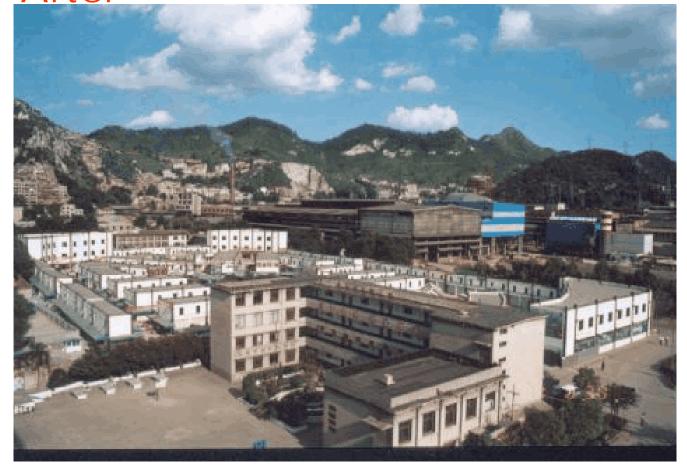
- (1) Assistance on Preparation of Master Plan for Air Quality Management in Guiyang City
- (2) Dispatch of Experts
- (3) Assistance for Enterprises on Environmental Management
- (4) Assistance on Establishment of Recyclingoriented Society System

- (4) Assistance on establishment of recycling-oriented society system
- Assisted establishment of Guiyang Circular Economy Ordinance

(1) Guiyang Steel Plant



After

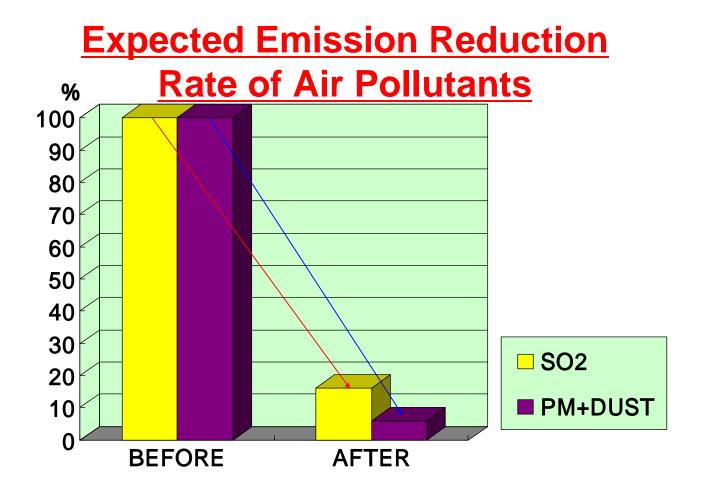


Expected Emission Reduction of Air Pollutants

(1) Guiyang Steel Plant

• S O 2 Approx. 8,600 t/year (84% of reduction rate)

•PM + DUST Approx. 5,800 t/year (94% of reduction rate)





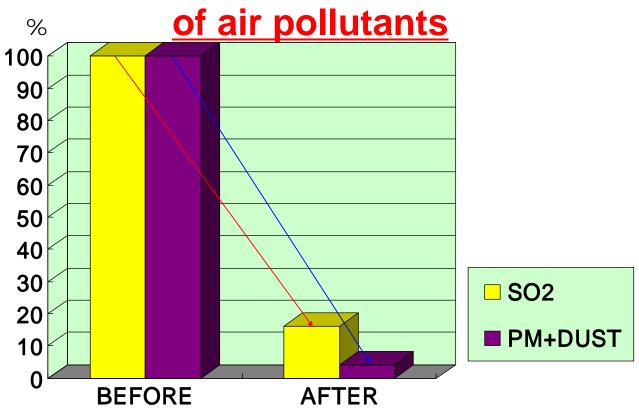
Expected Emission Reduction of Air Pollutants

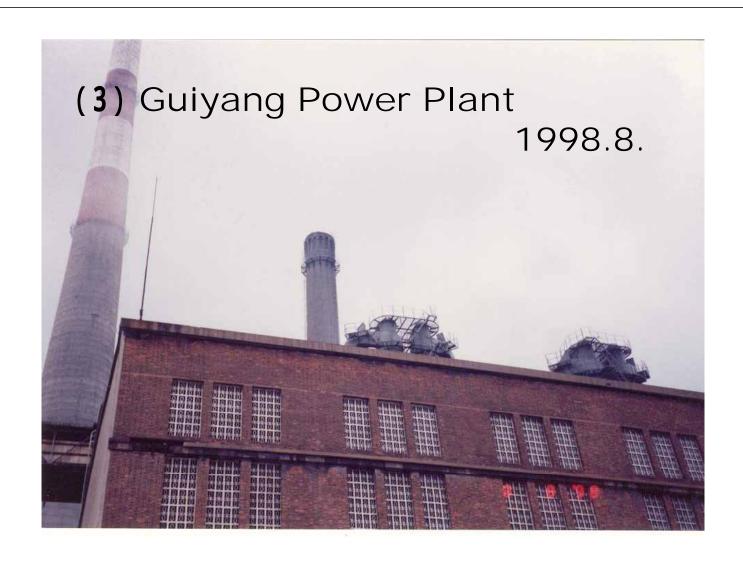
(2) Guizhou Cement Plant

• SO2 Approx. 3,900 t/year (84% of reduction rate)

PM+DUST Approx. 9,500 t/year (96% of reduction rate)

Expected emission reduction rate





Expected Emission Reduction of Air Pollutants

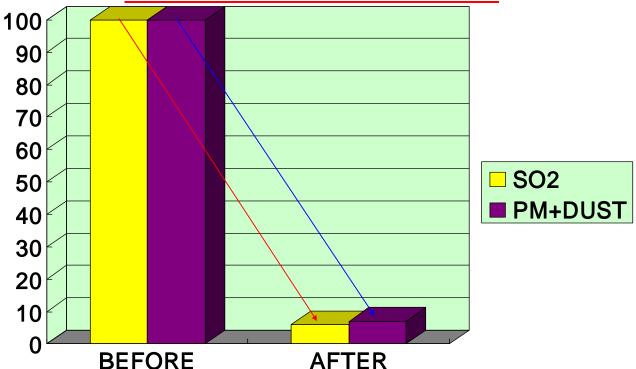
(3) Guiyang Power Plant

• SO2 Approx. 102,800t/year (94% of reduction rate)

PM+DUST Approx. 33,400 t/year (93% of reduction rate)

Source: City of Guiyang

Expected Emission Reduction Rate of Air Pollutants



Expected Emission Reduction of Air Pollutants

(4) Supply Desulfurized Clean Coal

• SO2

Approx. 26,500 t/year

· PM+DUST Approx. 14,700 t/year

Source: City of Guiyang

Expected Emission Reduction of Air Pollutants

(5) Supply Coal Gas

• SO2

Approx. 18,200 t/year

· PM

Approx. 9,100 t/year

(6) Establishment of Automatic Air Monitoring Stations and On-line Monitoring Systems for Emission Sources



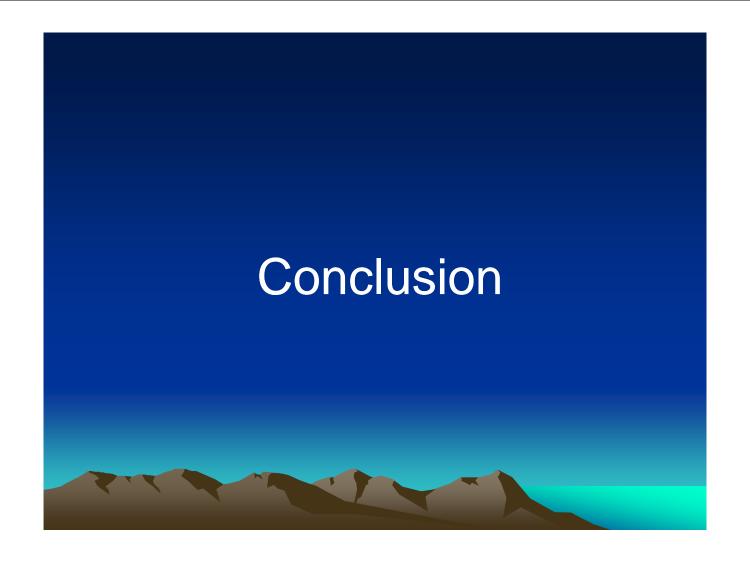
Expected Emission Reduction of Air Pollutants

(7) Measures for Mercury Pollution at Chemical Plants

SO2 Approx. 3,600 t/year

· PM Approx. 5,300 t/year

·COD Approx. 5,500 t/year



Result of technical cooperation

- Preparation of master plan for air quality management in Guiyang city (2004.11.)
- Establishment of Guiyang Circular Economy Ordinance (2004.11.)

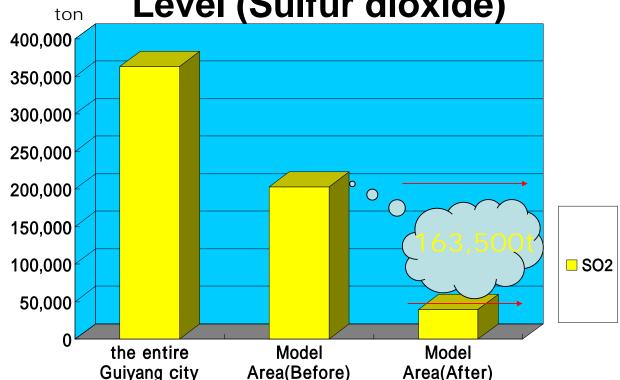
Expected outputs from implementing model city cooperation program

(Within Model Area140km2)

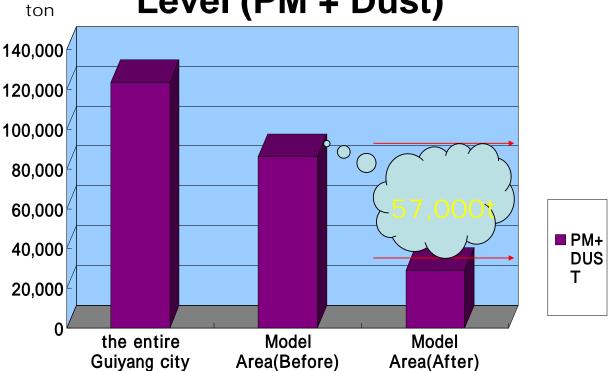
Total emission reduction of sulfur dioxide
 163,500 t/year
 (Year 1996 203,000t 81% of reduction rate)

Source: City of Guiyang

Comparison with 1996 Emission ton Level (Sulfur dioxide)

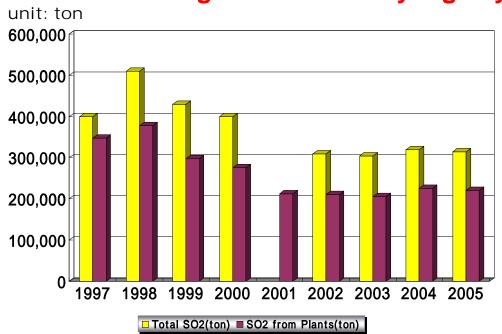


Comparison with 1996 Emission Level (PM + Dust)



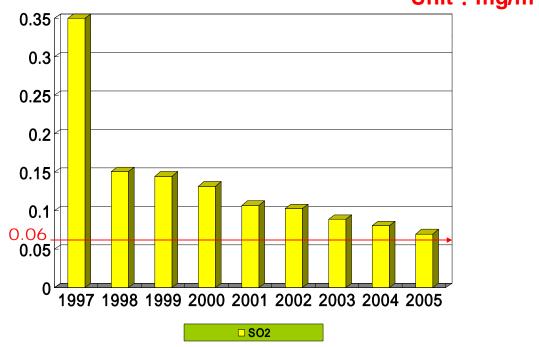
Result of Model City Cooperation Program

Emission change of SO2 in Guiyang city



Change of Concentration of Sulfur Dioxide in Urban Area of Guiyang City

Standard Level (AVG./Yr : SO₂ 0.06 mg/m³)
Unit : mg/m³



Co-benefit effects by model city cooperation program

- Emission reduction of carbon dioxide(CO2)
 - → 1.07million t/year

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- Water Pollution
- Hazardous wastes
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- Climate change is not an urgent and prior issues for China!

Effectiveness of Co-benefits

 Promotion of program for climate change integrating with air pollution measures in such Guiyang city

may be quite effective in developing countries including China

